IUPUI Health Services
IUPUI Incoming Student Health Screen Policy
Planned Implementation: Fall 2007

I. Policy
In order to reduce the risks of preventable contagious diseases among IUPUI students, IUPUI will require the following documentation for incoming students, as of Fall Semester, 2007:

A. All Students
   a. Must review information regarding the risks associated with meningococcal disease and the benefits of vaccination documentation. This review is to be done electronically during the registration process (See II.D. below).

B. Residential Students
   a. Must show documentation of immunity for the following diseases:
      i. Measles
         1. Immunity can be shown by any of the following:
            a. Date of birth before January 1, 1957
            b. Serologic evidence of immunity
            c. Documentation of receipt of at least two (2) measles-containing vaccines
      ii. Mumps
          1. Immunity can be shown by any of the following:
             a. Date of birth before January 1, 1957
             b. Serologic evidence of immunity
             c. Documentation of receipt of mumps-containing vaccine
      iii. Rubella (German Measles)
          1. Immunity can be shown by any of the following:
             a. Serologic evidence of immunity
             b. Documentation of receipt of rubella-containing vaccine on or after the first birthday
      iv. Tetanus
          1. Immunity can be shown by the following:
             a. Immunization within the last 10 years
      v. Diphtheria
          1. Immunity can be shown by the following:
             a. Immunization within the last 10 years

C. International Students
   a. International students from countries other than those listed in Attachment A must take part in the Tuberculosis Surveillance Program. Participation in the TB Surveillance Program is met by any of the following:
      i. The student has lived in the US or Canada for the last 5 years
      ii. The students can provide documentation of a TB Skin Test appropriately performed and read in the US within the last 3 months.
      iii. The student can provide documentation of a positive TB Skin Test in the past
      iv. The student can provide documentation of an negative TB blood test
   b. Students who have had a positive TB Skin Test or positive TB blood test must do the following:
      i. complete a TB Symptom Questionnaire
ii. have a chest x-ray (unless they can provide documentation of a chest x-ray performed and read in the US or Canada within the last year)
c. International students, who are also residential students, must comply with requirements for both

II. Procedures
A. Housing
   a. Will send information about the policy to all residential students
   b. Will send a health history form to all residential students. The form is to be completed by the student and sent to IUPUI Health Services, along with supporting documentation
   c. Provide Health Services with a list of residential students

B. International Affairs
   a. Will send information about the policy to all international students, including the requirement that supporting documentation not in English must be accompanied by an English translation.
   b. Will send a health history form to all residential students. The form is to be completed by the student and sent to IUPUI Health Services, along with supporting documentation. Supporting documentation not in English must be accompanied by a legible translation in English.
   c. Provide Health Services with a list of international students

C. Health Services
   a. Review all forms submitted.
   b. Provide the appropriate entity (Housing, International Affairs) with non-compliant lists, updated periodically
   c. Provide immunizations, TB testing when necessary. Students will be charged for services provided.
   d. Provide the Registrar’s Office with a non-compliant list prior to each semester (12/31 for the Spring Semester and 6/30 for the Fall Semester)

D. Registrar’s Office
   a. Maintain the on-line process for documenting that students have reviewed information regarding the risks associated with meningococcal disease and the benefits of vaccination

References:
Attachment A

The following countries are considered to have low TB prevalence. Persons arriving from these countries do not need to undergo TB surveillance:

**American Region**
- Canada
- Jamaica
- Saint Kitts and Nevis
- Saint Lucia
- Virgin Islands

**European Region**
- Belgium
- Denmark
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Greece
- Iceland
- Ireland
- Italy
- Liechtenstein
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- Monaco
- Netherlands
- Norway
- San Marino
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- United Kingdom

**Western Pacific Region**
- American Samoa
- Australia
- New Zealand